

2022 年 4 月 12 日 新聞公報

香港民研發放特首民望數字及五項核心社會指標

特別宣佈

香港民意研究所（香港民研）前身為香港大學民意研究計劃（港大民研）。公報內的「香港民研」指的可以是香港民意研究所或其前身港大民研。

公報簡要

香港民研於四月初由真實訪問員以隨機抽樣電話訪問方式成功訪問了 1,014 名香港居民。調查顯示，特首林鄭月娥的評分為 33.4 分，比一個月前顯著上升 6.8 分。有 31% 被訪者給予林鄭月娥 0 分，其民望淨值為負 65 個百分點，相比一個月前變化不大。以 0 至 10 分評價，市民對五項核心社會指標的評分由高至低分別是「自由」、「法治」、「安定」、「繁榮」和「民主」，得分分別為 5.34、5.14、5.06、4.93 和 4.51 分。相比一個月前，所有指標均錄得顯著升幅，當中「法治」創 2019 年 5 月以來新高，「自由」及「民主」則創 2020 年 4 月以來新高。調查的實效回應比率為 49.8%。在 95% 置信水平下，調查的百分比誤差不超過 +/-3%，淨值誤差不超過 +/-4%，評分誤差不超過 +/-1.9。

樣本資料

調查日期	:	4-7/4/2022
調查方法	:	由真實訪問員進行隨機抽樣電話訪問
訪問對象	:	18 歲或以上操粵語的香港居民
成功樣本數目 ^[1]	:	1,014 (包括 506 個固網及 508 個手機樣本)
實效回應比率	:	49.8%
抽樣誤差 ^[2]	:	在 95% 置信水平下，調查的百分比誤差不超過 +/-3%，淨值誤差不超過 +/-4%，評分誤差不超過 +/-1.9
加權方法	:	按照政府統計處提供的統計數字以「反覆多重加權法」作出調整。全港人口年齡及性別分佈統計數字來自《二零二零年年中人口數字》，而教育程度（最高就讀程度）及經濟活動身分統計數字則來自《香港的女性及男性 - 主要統計數字》（2020 年版）。

[1] 數字為調查的總樣本數目，個別題目則可能只涉及次樣本。有關數字請參閱下列數表內列出的樣本數目。

[2] 此公報中所有誤差數字均以 95% 置信水平計算。95% 置信水平，是指倘若以不同隨機樣本重複進行有關調查 100 次，則 95 次各自計算出的誤差範圍會包含人口真實數字。由於調查數字涉及抽樣誤差，傳媒引用百分比數字時，應避免使用小數點，在引用評分數字時，則可以使用一個小數點。

特首民望

以下是特首林鄭月娥的最新民望數字：

調查日期	<u>29/11-3/12/21</u>	<u>9-14/12/21</u>	<u>3-6/1/22</u>	<u>7-10/2/22</u>	<u>7-11/3/22</u>	<u>4-7/4/22</u>	最新變化
樣本數目	1,001	1,017	1,021	1,012	1,000	1,014	--
回應比率	44.9%	58.0%	52.7%	58.1%	51.5%	49.8%	--
最新結果	結果	結果	結果	結果	結果	結果及誤差	--
特首林鄭月娥評分	34.6	35.8	33.8	31.9	26.6 ^[3]	33.4+/-1.9	+6.8^[3]
林鄭月娥出任特首支持率	21%	21%	19%	18%	12% ^[3]	13+/-2%	+1%
林鄭月娥出任特首反對率	66% ^[3]	63%	67%	70%	78% ^[3]	78+/-3%	--
支持率淨值	-45% ^[3]	-42%	-48%	-53%	-67% ^[3]	-65+/-4%	+2%

[3] 該數字與上次調查結果的差異超過在 95% 置信水平的抽樣誤差，表示有關變化在統計學上表面成立。不過，變化在統計學上成立與否，並不同有關變化是否有實際用途或意義，而不同調查的加權方法亦可能有所不同。

最新調查顯示，特首林鄭月娥的評分為 33.4 分，比一個月前顯著上升 6.8 分，有 31% 被訪者給予林鄭月娥 0 分。其最新支持率為 13%，反對率為 78%，民望淨值為負 65 個百分點，相比一個月前變化不大。

核心社會指標

以下是五項核心社會指標的最新數字：

調查日期	<u>29/11-3/12/21</u>	<u>3-6/1/22</u>	<u>7-10/2/22</u>	<u>7-11/3/22</u>	<u>4-7/4/22</u>	最新變化
樣本數目	598-602	606-618	548-677	597-604	602-615	--
回應比率	44.9%	52.7%	58.1%	51.5%	49.8%	--
最新結果	結果	結果	結果	結果	結果及誤差	--
自由指標	4.82 ^[4]	4.57	5.09 ^[4]	4.92	5.34+/-0.24	+0.42^[4]
法治指標	4.59	4.34	5.13 ^[4]	4.36 ^[4]	5.14+/-0.22	+0.77^[4]
安定指標	5.03 ^[4]	4.89	4.94	3.91 ^[4]	5.06+/-0.21	+1.15^[4]
繁榮指標	4.77 ^[4]	4.89	4.97	3.98 ^[4]	4.93+/-0.18	+0.95^[4]
民主指標	3.94	3.93	4.25	3.98	4.51+/-0.25	+0.53^[4]

[4] 該數字與上次調查結果的差異超過在 95% 置信水平的抽樣誤差，表示有關變化在統計學上表面成立。不過，變化在統計學上成立與否，並不同有關變化是否有實際用途或意義，而不同調查的加權方法亦可能有所不同。

以 0 至 10 分評價，市民對五項核心社會指標的評分由高至低分別是「自由」、「法治」、「安定」、「繁榮」和「民主」，得分分別為 5.34、5.14、5.06、4.93 和 4.51 分。相比一個月前，所有指標均錄得顯著升幅，當中「法治」創 2019 年 5 月以來新高，「自由」及「民主」則創 2020 年 4 月以來新高。

民意日誌

香港民研於 2007 年開始與慧科訊業有限公司合作，由慧科訊業按照香港民研設計的分析方法，將每日大事紀錄傳送至香港民研，經香港民研核實後成為「民意日誌」。

由於本新聞公報所涉及的部分調查項目，上次調查日期為 7-11/3/2022，而今次調查日期則為 4-7/4/2022，因此是次公報中的「民意日誌」項目便以上述日期為依歸，讓讀者作出比較。以

涵蓋率不下 25%本地報章每日頭條新聞和報社評論計，在上述期間發生的相關大事包括以下事件，讀者可以自行判斷有關事件有否影響各項民調數字：

7/4/22	政府宣布修訂新一輪保就業計劃
6/4/22	李家超請辭參選特首
4/4/22	林鄭月娥宣布不參選下一屆特首
3/4/22	新一輪電子消費券首期將於 4 月 7 日發放
2/4/22	政府宣布於 4 月 8 日起一連 3 日推行全民自願快速檢測
31/3/22	政府於 4 月 2 日起向全港家庭派發防疫服務包
21/3/22	政府宣布暫緩全民強檢
18/3/22	政府宣布推出新一輪保就業計劃
14/3/22	首批內地醫療支援隊抵港
11/3/22	香港新冠疫情持續，死亡個案急增
9/3/22	林鄭月娥公布新防疫措施
7/3/22	政府推出快速檢測陽性呈報平台

數據分析

調查顯示，特首林鄭月娥的評分為 33.4 分，比一個月前顯著上升 6.8 分。有 31% 被訪者給予林鄭月娥 0 分，其民望淨值為負 65 個百分點，相比一個月前變化不大。

以 0 至 10 分評價，市民對五項核心社會指標的評分由高至低分別是「自由」、「法治」、「安定」、「繁榮」和「民主」，得分分別為 5.34、5.14、5.06、4.93 和 4.51 分。相比一個月前，所有指標均錄得顯著升幅，當中「法治」創 2019 年 5 月以來新高，「自由」及「民主」則創 2020 年 4 月以來新高。



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HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION RESEARCH INSTITUTE
香港民意研究所

Press Release on April 12, 2022

PORI releases popularity of CE and five core social indicators

Special Announcement

The predecessor of Hong Kong Public Opinion Research Institution (PORI) was The Public Opinion Programme at The University of Hong Kong (HKUPOP). “PORI” in this release can refer to Hong Kong Public Opinion Research Institute or its predecessor HKUPOP.

Abstract

PORI successfully interviewed 1,014 Hong Kong residents by a random telephone survey conducted by real interviewers in early April. Our survey shows that the popularity rating of CE Carrie Lam is 33.4 marks, which has significantly increased by 6.8 marks compared to a month ago, with 31% of respondents giving her 0 mark. Her net popularity is negative 65 percentage points, which has not changed much compared to a month ago. On a scale of 0 to 10, people’s ratings on the five core social indicators ranked from the highest to the lowest are “freedom”, “rule of law”, “stability”, “prosperity” and “democracy”. Their scores are 5.34, 5.14, 5.06, 4.93 and 4.51 respectively. The ratings of all indicators have registered significant increases compared with a month ago. Among them, the rating of “rule of law” has registered a record high since May 2019, while the ratings of “freedom” and “democracy” have registered record highs since April 2020. The effective response rate of the survey is 49.8%. The maximum sampling error of percentages is +/-3%, that of net values is +/-4% and that of ratings is +/-1.9 at 95% confidence level.

Contact Information

Date of survey	: 4-7/4/2022
Survey method	: Random telephone survey conducted by real interviewers
Target population	: Cantonese-speaking Hong Kong residents aged 18 or above
Sample size ^[1]	: 1,014 (including 506 landline and 508 mobile samples)
Effective response rate	: 49.8%
Sampling error ^[2]	: Sampling error of percentages not more than +/-3%, that of net values not more than +/-4% and that of ratings not more than +/-1.9 at 95% conf. level
Weighting method	: Rim-weighted according to figures provided by the Census and Statistics Department. The gender-age distribution of the Hong Kong population came from “Mid-year population for 2020”, while the educational attainment (highest level attended) distribution and economic activity status distribution came from “Women and Men in Hong Kong - Key Statistics (2020 Edition)”.

[1] This figure is the total sample size of the survey. Some questions may only involve a subsample, the size of which can be found in the tables below.

[2] All error figures in this release are calculated at 95% confidence level. “95% confidence level” means that if we were to repeat a certain survey 100 times with different random samples, we would expect 95 times having the population parameter within the respective error margins calculated. Because of sampling errors, when quoting percentages, journalists should refrain from reporting decimal places, whereas one decimal place can be used when quoting rating figures.

Popularity of CE

Recent popularity figures of CE Carrie Lam are summarized as follows:

Date of survey	<u>29/11-3/12/21</u>	<u>9-14/12/21</u>	<u>3-6/1/22</u>	<u>7-10/2/22</u>	<u>7-11/3/22</u>	<u>4-7/4/22</u>	<u>Latest change</u>
Sample size	1,001	1,017	1,021	1,012	1,000	1,014	--
Response rate	44.9%	58.0%	52.7%	58.1%	51.5%	49.8%	--
Latest findings	Finding	Finding	Finding	Finding	Finding	Finding & error	--
Rating of CE Carrie Lam	34.6	35.8	33.8	31.9	26.6 ^[3]	33.4+/-1.9	+6.8^[3]
Vote of confidence in CE Carrie Lam	21%	21%	19%	18%	12% ^[3]	13+/-2%	+1%
Vote of no confidence in CE Carrie Lam	66% ^[3]	63%	67%	70%	78% ^[3]	78+/-3%	--
Net approval rate	-45% ^[3]	-42%	-48%	-53%	-67% ^[3]	-65+/-4%	+2%

[3] The difference between the figure and the result from the previous survey has gone beyond the sampling error at 95% confidence level, meaning that the change is statistically significant prima facie. However, whether the difference is statistically significant is not the same as whether they are practically useful or meaningful, and different weighting methods could have been applied in different surveys.

Our latest survey shows that the popularity rating of CE Carrie Lam is 33.4 marks, which has significantly increased by 6.8 marks compared to a month ago, with 31% of respondents giving her 0 mark. Her approval rate is 13%, disapproval rate 78%, giving a net popularity of negative 65 percentage points, which have not changed much from a month ago.

Core Social Indicators

Herewith the latest figures of the five core social indicators:

Date of survey	<u>29/11-3/12/21</u>	<u>3-6/1/22</u>	<u>7-10/2/22</u>	<u>7-11/3/22</u>	<u>4-7/4/22</u>	<u>Latest change</u>
Sample size	598-602	606-618	548-677	597-604	602-615	--
Response rate	44.9%	52.7%	58.1%	51.5%	49.8%	--
Latest findings	Finding	Finding	Finding	Finding	Finding & error	--
Degree of freedom	4.82 ^[4]	4.57	5.09 ^[4]	4.92	5.34+/-0.24	+0.42^[4]
Compliance with the rule of law	4.59	4.34	5.13 ^[4]	4.36 ^[4]	5.14+/-0.22	+0.77^[4]
Degree of stability	5.03 ^[4]	4.89	4.94	3.91 ^[4]	5.06+/-0.21	+1.15^[4]
Degree of prosperity	4.77 ^[4]	4.89	4.97	3.98 ^[4]	4.93+/-0.18	+0.95^[4]
Degree of democracy	3.94	3.93	4.25	3.98	4.51+/-0.25	+0.53^[4]

[4] The difference between the figure and the result from the previous survey has gone beyond the sampling error at 95% confidence level, meaning that the change is statistically significant prima facie. However, whether the difference is statistically significant is not the same as whether they are practically useful or meaningful, and different weighting methods could have been applied in different surveys.

On a scale of 0 to 10, people’s ratings on the five core social indicators ranked from the highest to the lowest are “freedom”, “rule of law”, “stability”, “prosperity” and “democracy”. Their scores are 5.34,

5.14, 5.06, 4.93 and 4.51 respectively. The ratings of all indicators have registered significant increases compared with a month ago. Among them, the rating of “rule of law” has registered a record high since May 2019, while the ratings of “freedom” and “democracy” have registered record highs since April 2020.

Opinion Daily

In 2007, PORI started collaborating with Wisers Information Limited whereby Wisers supplies to PORI a record of significant events of that day according to the research method designed by PORI. These daily entries would then become “Opinion Daily” after they are verified by PORI.

For some of the polling items covered in this press release, the previous survey was conducted from 7 to 11 March, 2022 while this survey was conducted from 4 to 7 April, 2022. During this period, herewith the significant events selected from counting newspaper headlines and commentaries on a daily basis and covered by at least 25% of the local newspaper articles. Readers can make their own judgment if these significant events have any impacts to different polling figures.

7/4/22	The government announces the amendment of the new round of Employment Support Scheme.
6/4/22	John Lee resigns to join the Chief Executive election.
4/4/22	Carrie Lam announces that she will not contest the election for the new-term Chief Executive.
3/4/22	The first batch of the new round of electronic consumption vouchers will be distributed on April 7.
2/4/22	The government announces universal voluntary testing for three days in a row from April 8 to 10.
31/3/22	The government will start distributing anti-epidemic service bags to all Hong Kong households from April 2.
21/3/22	The government announces the suspension of the compulsory universal testing scheme.
18/3/22	The government announces a new round of Employment Support Scheme.
14/3/22	The first batch of Mainland medical support team arrives in Hong Kong.
11/3/22	Hong Kong’s pandemic situation persists and death toll rises sharply.
9/3/22	Carrie Lam announces new measures to fight the epidemic.
7/3/22	The government launches the “Declaration System for individuals tested positive for COVID-19 using Rapid Antigen Test”.

Data Analysis

Our survey shows that the popularity rating of CE Carrie Lam is 33.4 marks, which has significantly increased by 6.8 marks compared to a month ago, with 31% of respondents giving her 0 mark. Her net popularity is negative 65 percentage points, which has not changed much compared to a month ago.

On a scale of 0 to 10, people’s ratings on the five core social indicators ranked from the highest to the lowest are “freedom”, “rule of law”, “stability”, “prosperity” and “democracy”. Their scores are 5.34, 5.14, 5.06, 4.93 and 4.51 respectively. The ratings of all indicators have registered significant increases compared with a month ago. Among them, the rating of “rule of law” has registered a record high since May 2019, while the ratings of “freedom” and “democracy” have registered record highs since April 2020.