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HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION PROGRAM

HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION RESEARCH INSTITUTE

香港民意研究所 之 香港民意研究計劃

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限聚指數

**Group Gathering Prohibition Index**

**19/8/2021**

# 樣本資料 - 限聚指數基準調查

## Contact Information - Group Gathering Prohibition Index Benchmark Survey

2

|                         | 香港民研意見群組成員 HKPOP Panel   |
|-------------------------|--|
| 調查日期 Survey date        | 16/7 15:00 – 21/7 15:00  |
| 調查方法 Survey method      | 以電郵接觸群組成員，並於網上完成調查 Online survey   |
| 訪問對象 Target population  | 十二歲或以上的香港市民 Hong Kong residents aged 12+   |
| 總成功樣本 Total sample size | 5,636  |
| 回應比率 Response rate      | 6.1%   |
| 抽樣誤差 Sampling error     | 95% 置信水平，百分比誤差 +/-1%<br>Sampling error of percentages at +/-1% at 95% confidence level   |
| 加權方法 Weighting method   | 按照1) 政府統計處提供的全港人口年齡及性別分佈統計數字、各區議會人口數字；<br>2) 選舉事務處提供的區議會選舉結果；3) 常規調查中的特首評分分佈數字，以<br>「反覆多重加權法」作出調整。<br>The figures are rim-weighted according to 1) gender-age distribution of Hong Kong population and by District Councils population figures from Census and Statistics Department; 2) Voting results of District Councils Election from Registration and Electoral Office; 3) rating distribution of Chief Executive from regular tracking surveys. |

# 限聚指數

## Group Gathering Prohibition Index

3

- **最新調查日期 Latest survey date: 16-21/7/2021 (N=5,636)**
- **上次調查日期 Last survey date: 18-23/6/2021 (N=6,158)**
- **上上次調查日期 Second last survey date: 17-24/5/2021 (N=6,583)**

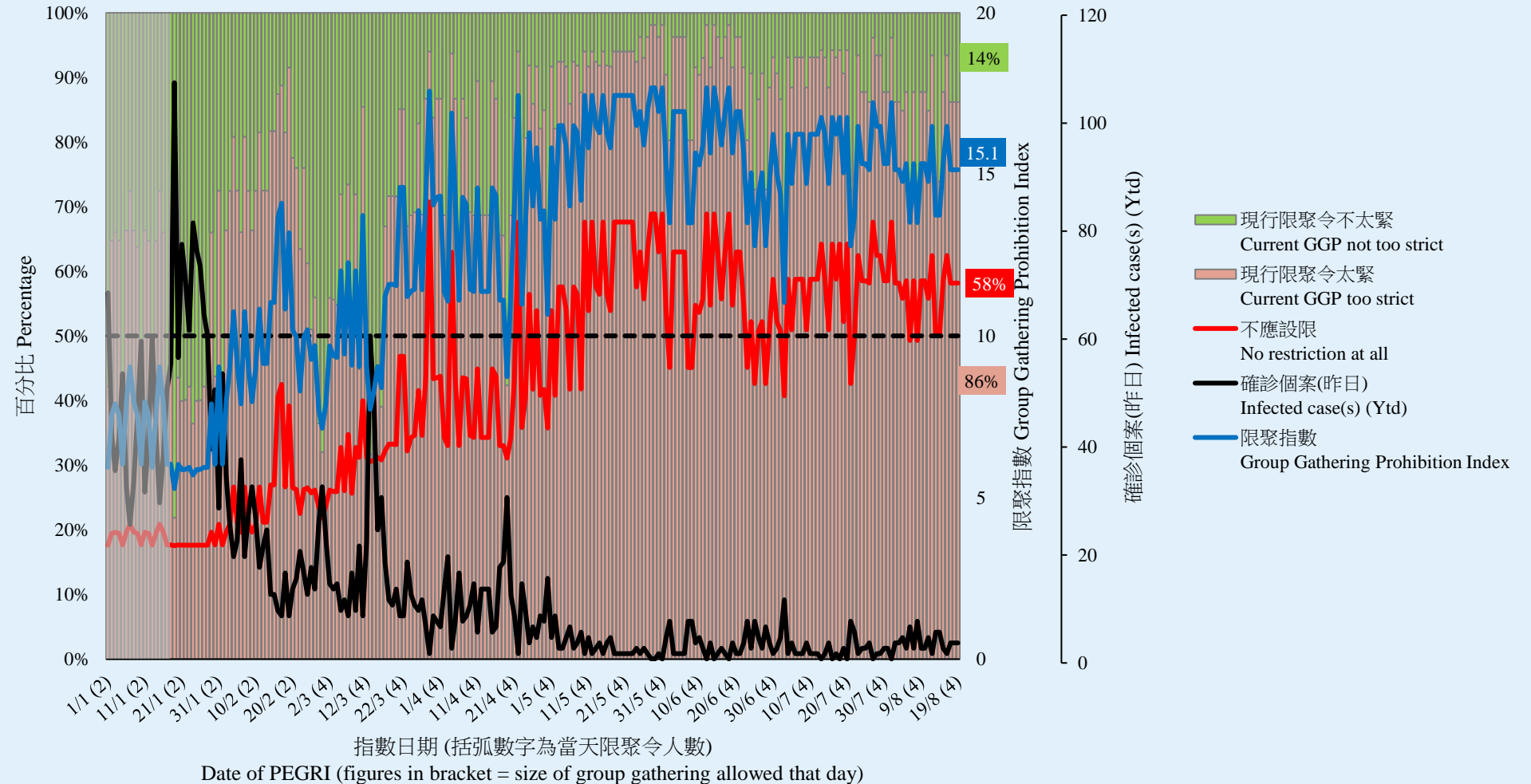
| 意見題目  | Opinion Questions   |
|---|---|
| <p>你認為香港應否無條件全面撤銷「限聚令」？</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ 應該無條件撤銷「限聚令」</li><li>▪ 不應該，應視乎疫情而定</li><li>▪ 不知道／很難說</li></ul> <p>[追問沒有選擇應該“無條件撤銷「限聚令」”者]<br/>你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少，才適合將「限聚令」訂於2人？<br/>你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少，才適合將「限聚令」訂於4人？<br/>你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少，才適合將「限聚令」訂於8人？<br/>你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少，才適合將「限聚令」訂於16人？<br/>你認為感染個案清零多少天後，限聚令應該全面撤銷？</p> <p>請於以下欄位列舉你認為合適的 [個案數 及 限聚人數] 組合……</p> | <p>Do you think the regulation prohibiting gatherings of more than a specific number of people in public places should be completely lifted unconditionally in Hong Kong?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally</li><li>▪ No, it should depend on the epidemic situation</li><li>▪ Don't know / hard to say</li></ul> <p>[For respondents NOT answering “Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally”]<br/>How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 2 people?<br/>How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 4 people?<br/>How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 8 people?<br/>How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 16 people?<br/>After how many days of zero infection do you think the group gathering ban should be lifted altogether?</p> <p>Please list combinations of [number of cases &amp; number of people allowed in gatherings] that you think is appropriate in the field below:</p> |

# 調查結果 - 限聚接受程度

## Survey Result – Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level

4

限聚接受程度 Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level



民生大聯盟發言人章彤輝博士指出，「政府在本周二發現一個本地新冠肺炎個案，及認為近日海外疫情『威脅嚴重』，但竟然要待周五凌晨起，才收緊從海外地區到港人士的登機、檢疫及檢測要求，即在『嚴重威脅』下居然有三天的空窗期。政府一邊口口聲聲要滅絕病毒，另一邊廂卻留三天時間讓危機擴散。這類南轅北轍，以慢打快的決策，只會把香港逼上絕路。」

**Dr Tung-fai Cheung, Spokesman of Alliance of Revitalizing Economy and Livelihood, observed, “The government discovered one confirmed local case this Tuesday, and also considered the situation overseas posting a ‘serious threat’. However, the government will only impose more stringent boarding, quarantine and testing requirements on inbound travellers from Friday morning, meaning a window period of three days. Our government has claimed so often that it would stem out COVID-19, but it is now giving a 3-day window for the virus to spread. Such policy contradictions and delays will eventually kill Hong Kong.”**