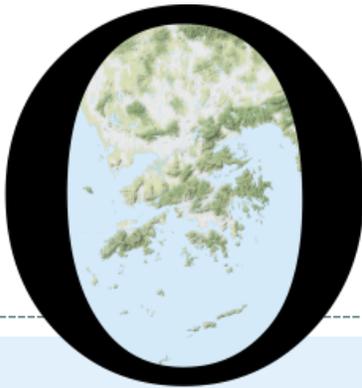


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HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION PROGRAM

HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION RESEARCH INSTITUTE

香港民意研究所 之 香港民意研究計劃

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**限聚指數**

**Group Gathering Prohibition Index**

**16/6/2021**

# 樣本資料 - 限聚指數基準調查

## Contact Information - Group Gathering Prohibition Index Benchmark Survey

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	香港民研意見群組成員 HKPOP Panel
調查日期 Survey date	17/5 15:00 – 24/5 15:00
調查方法 Survey method	以電郵接觸群組成員，並於網上完成調查 Online survey
訪問對象 Target population	十二歲或以上的香港市民 Hong Kong residents aged 12+
總成功樣本 Total sample size	6,583
回應比率 Response rate	7.0%
抽樣誤差 Sampling error	95%置信水平，百分比誤差+/-1% Sampling error of percentages at +/-1% at 95% confidence level
加權方法 Weighting method	按照1) 政府統計處提供的全港人口年齡及性別分佈統計數字、各區議會人口數字； 2) 選舉事務處提供的區議會選舉結果；3) 常規調查中的特首評分分佈數字，以 「反覆多重加權法」作出調整。 The figures are rim-weighted according to 1) gender-age distribution of Hong Kong population and by District Councils population figures from Census and Statistics Department; 2) Voting results of District Councils Election from Registration and Electoral Office; 3) rating distribution of Chief Executive from regular tracking surveys.

# 限聚指數

## Group Gathering Prohibition Index

3

- **最新調查日期 Latest survey date: 17-24/5/2021 (N=6,583)**
- **上次調查日期 Last survey date: 16-21/4/2021 (N=6,330)**
- **上上次調查日期 Second last survey date: 22-29/3/2021 (N=6,806)**

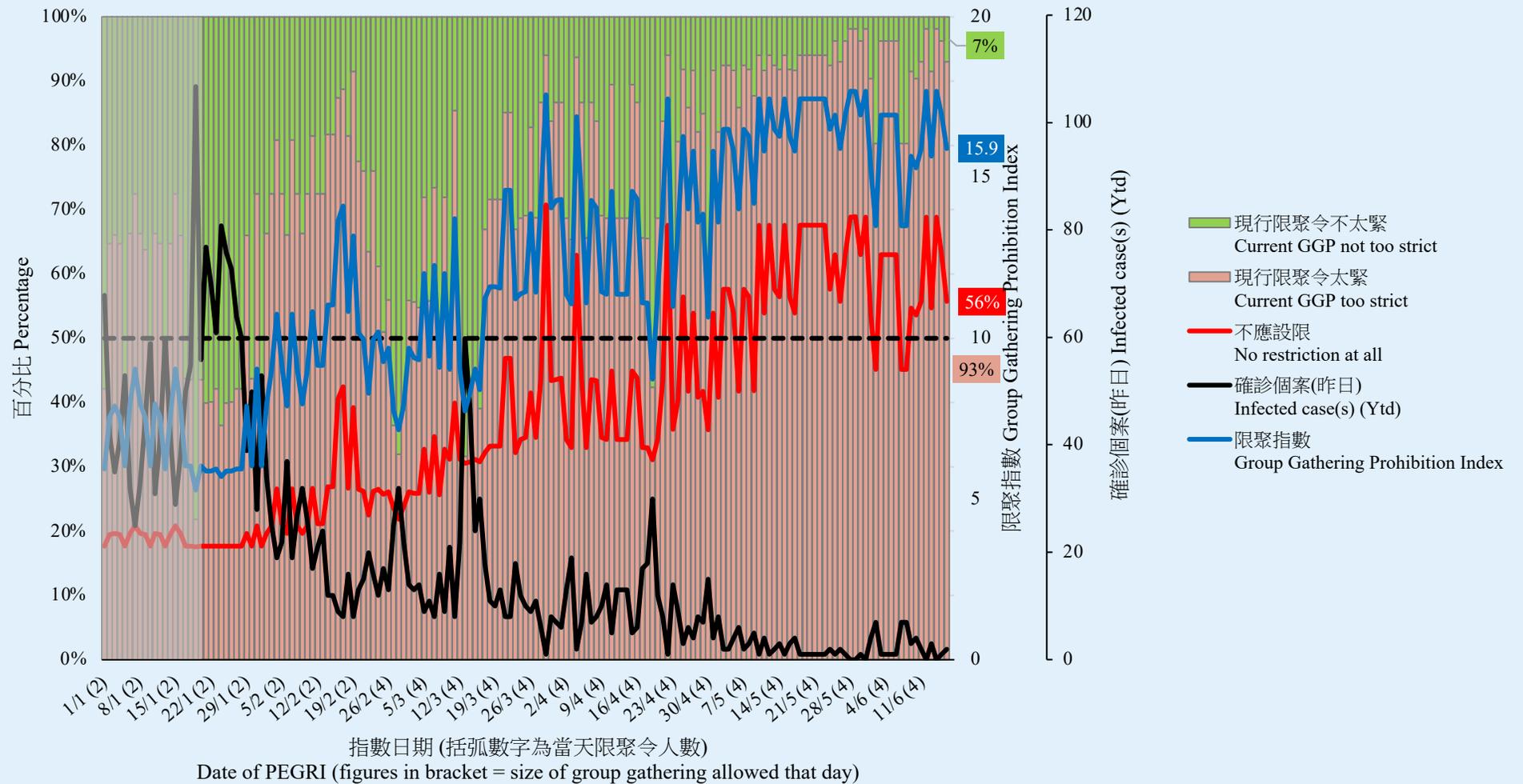
意見題目	Opinion Questions
<p>你認為香港應否無條件全面撤銷「限聚令」？</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ 應該無條件撤銷「限聚令」</li><li>▪ 不應該，應視乎疫情而定</li><li>▪ 不知道／很難說</li></ul> <p>[追問沒有選擇應該“無條件撤銷「限聚令」”者] 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少，才適合將「限聚令」訂於2人？ 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少，才適合將「限聚令」訂於4人？ 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少，才適合將「限聚令」訂於8人？ 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少，才適合將「限聚令」訂於16人？ 你認為感染個案清零多少天後，限聚令應該全面撤銷？</p> <p>請於以下欄位列舉你認為合適的 [個案數 及 限聚人數] 組合……</p>	<p>Do you think the regulation prohibiting gatherings of more than a specific number of people in public places should be completely lifted unconditionally in Hong Kong?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally</li><li>▪ No, it should depend on the epidemic situation</li><li>▪ Don't know / hard to say</li></ul> <p>[For respondents NOT answering “Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally”] How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 2 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 4 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 8 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 16 people? After how many days of zero infection do you think the group gathering ban should be lifted altogether?</p> <p>Please list combinations of [number of cases &amp; number of people allowed in gatherings] that you think is appropriate in the field below:</p>

# 調查結果 - 限聚接受程度

## Survey Result – Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level

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限聚接受程度 Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level



## 限聚指數 - 分析評論

### Group Gathering Prohibition Index – Commentary

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民生大聯盟發言人章彤輝博士指出，「政府官員一改過往的嚴謹作風，建議市民在完成雙重檢測兼已接種疫苗的前提下，於出境時可減少或免除隔離檢疫，並表示這將成為未來常態。同時，如果疫苗接種率提高，社區得到較好保障，政府可以放寬部分隔離措施。這些建議確實可以紓解經濟和民生的困境。我們希望政府可以腳踏實地，為這些措施做好準備，包括與周邊地區政府做好協調、完備接種疫苗和檢測記錄，以及與非本地機構做好技術細節的對接等。」

**Dr Tung-fai Cheung, Spokesman of Alliance of Revitalizing Economy and Livelihood, observed, “The government officials have apparently relaxed their strict approach and proposed to reduce or waive some quarantine measures when people travel out of Hong Kong, provided that they have vaccinated and doubly tested negative in COVID-19 tests, which would become the new norm. The government would also relax the group gathering ban when the vaccination coverage is relatively adequate to protect the local community. These measures could really rescue the local economy and people’s livelihood. We hope the government would make good preparations to implement these plans pragmatically, including to proactively liaise with the governments of the surrounding regions, to enhance the records of tests and vaccination, and to work well to match with other authorities in ironing out the technical details.”**