

POP



HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION PROGRAM

HONG KONG PUBLIC OPINION RESEARCH INSTITUTE

香港民意研究所 之 香港民意研究計劃

限聚指數

Group Gathering Prohibition Index

21/4/2021

樣本資料 - 限聚指數基準調查

Contact Information - Group Gathering Prohibition Index Benchmark Survey

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	香港民研意見群組成員 HKPOP Panel
調查日期 Survey date	22/3 15:00 – 29/3 15:00
調查方法 Survey method	以電郵接觸群組成員，並於網上完成調查 Online survey
訪問對象 Target population	十二歲或以上的香港市民 Hong Kong residents aged 12+
總成功樣本 Total sample size	6,806
回應比率 Response rate	7.2%
抽樣誤差 Sampling error	95% 置信水平，百分比誤差 $\pm 1\%$ Sampling error of percentages at $\pm 1\%$ at 95% confidence level
加權方法 Weighting method	按照1) 政府統計處提供的全港人口年齡及性別分佈統計數字、各區議會人口數字；2) 選舉事務處提供的區議會選舉結果；3) 常規調查中的特首評分分佈數字，以「反覆多重加權法」作出調整。 The figures are rim-weighted according to 1) gender-age distribution of Hong Kong population and by District Councils population figures from Census and Statistics Department; 2) Voting results of District Councils Election from Registration and Electoral Office; 3) rating distribution of Chief Executive from regular tracking surveys.

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- 最新調查日期 **Latest survey date: 22-29/3/2021 (N=6,806)**
- 上次調查日期 **Last survey date: 8-22/3/2021 (N=6,210)**
- 上上次調查日期 **Second last survey date: 1-8/3/2021 (N=5,606)**

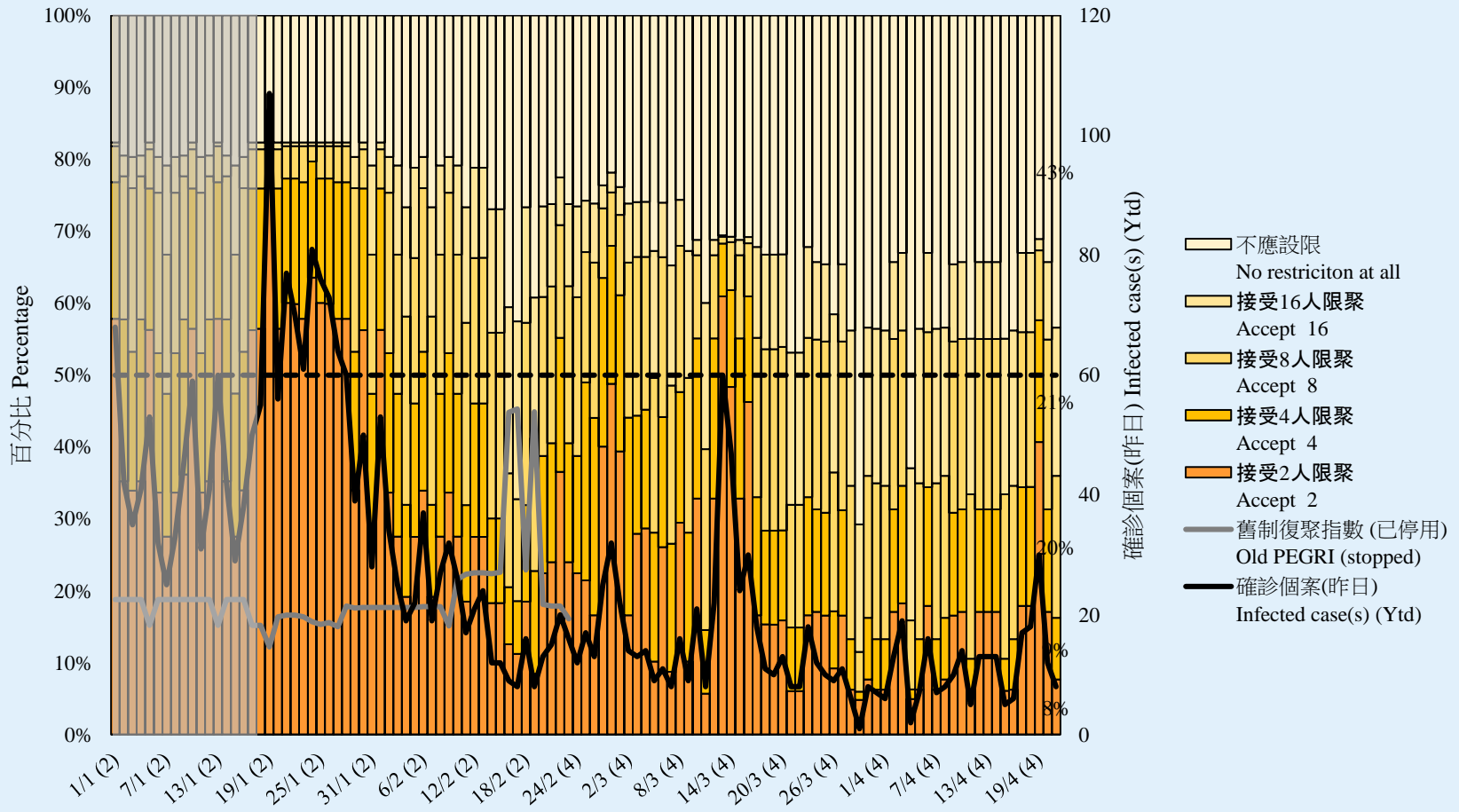
意見題目	Opinion Questions
<p>你認為香港應否無條件全面撤銷「限聚令」？</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ 應該無條件撤銷「限聚令」▪ 不應該，應視乎疫情而定▪ 不知道／很難說 <p>[追問沒有選擇應該“無條件撤銷「限聚令」”者] 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少，才適合將「限聚令」訂於2人？ 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少，才適合將「限聚令」訂於4人？ 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少，才適合將「限聚令」訂於8人？ 你認為每天新增確診個案數應是多少，才適合將「限聚令」訂於16人？</p> <p>請於以下欄位列舉你認為合適的 [個案數 及 限聚人數] 組合……</p>	<p>Do you think the regulation prohibiting gatherings of more than a specific number of people in public places should be completely lifted unconditionally in Hong Kong?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally▪ No, it should depend on the epidemic situation▪ Don't know / hard to say <p>[For respondents NOT answering “Yes, the ban should be lifted unconditionally”] How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 2 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 4 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 8 people? How many newly confirmed cases each day should there be before it would be appropriate to prohibit gatherings of more than 16 people?</p> <p>Please list combinations of [number of cases & number of people allowed in gatherings] that you think is appropriate in the field below:</p>

調查結果 - 限聚接受程度

Survey Result - Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level

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限聚接受程度 Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level



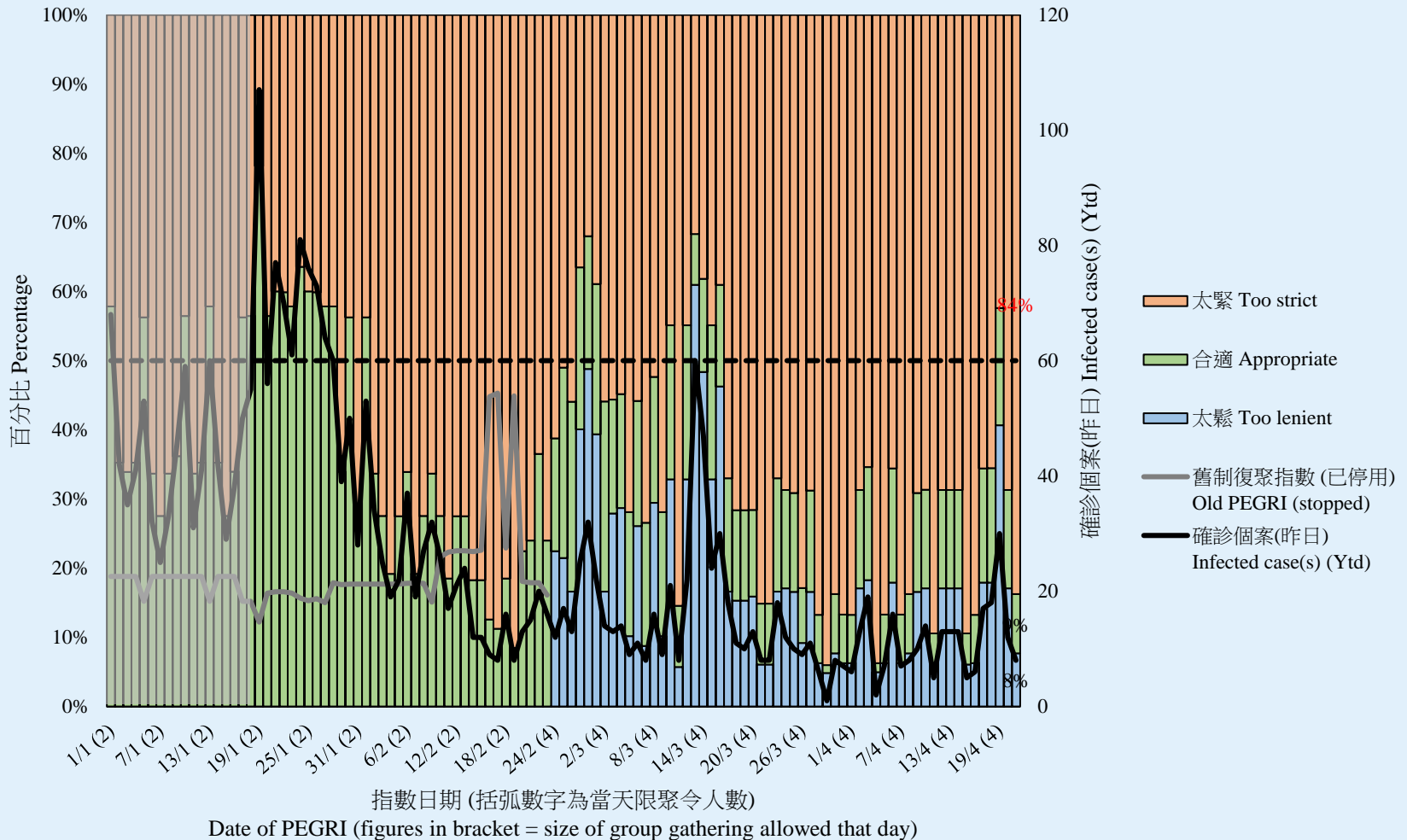
指數日期 (括弧數字為當天限聚令人數)

Date of PEGRI (figures in bracket = size of group gathering allowed that day)

調查結果 - 限聚接受程度

Survey Result - Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level

限聚接受程度 Group Gathering Prohibition Acceptance Level

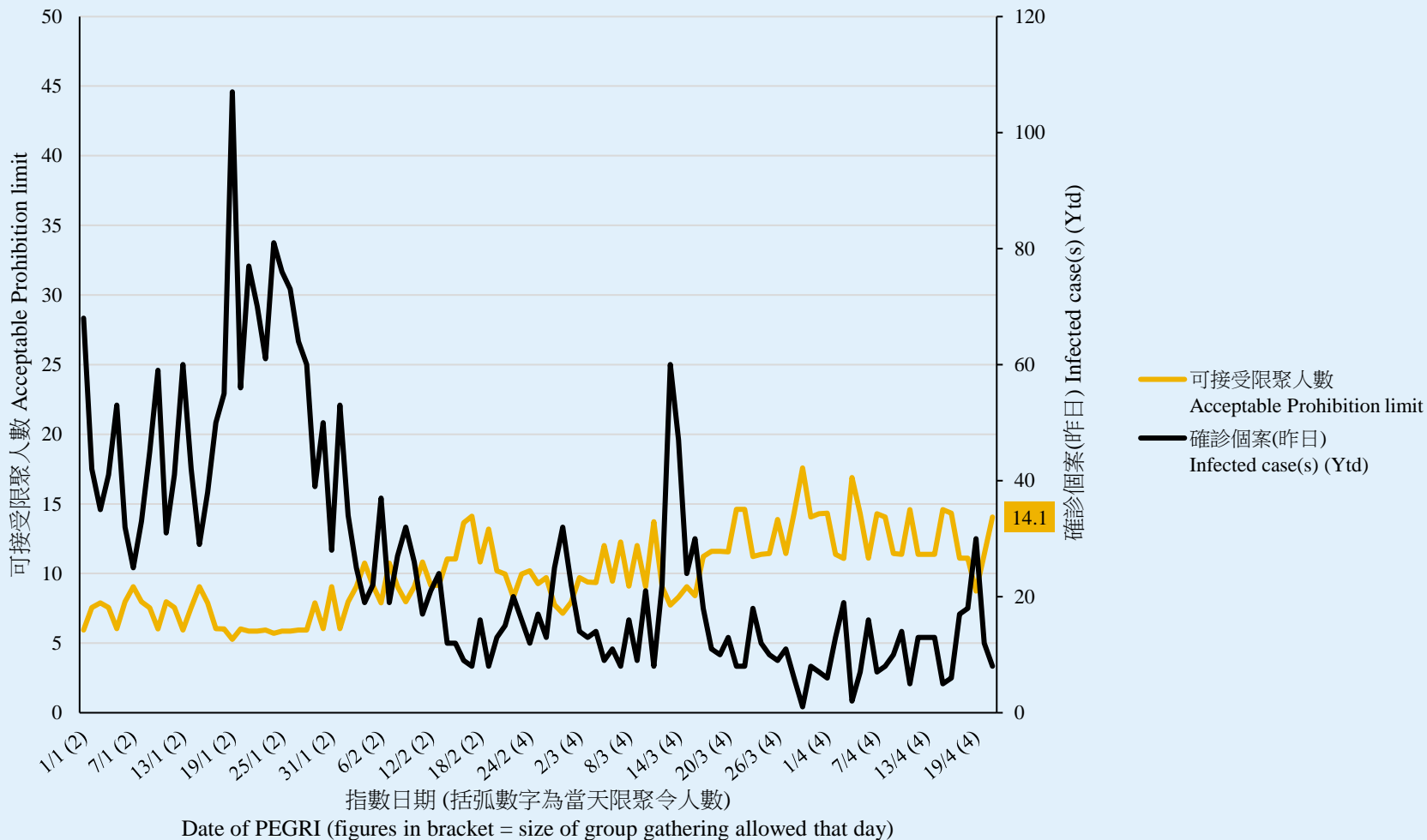


調查結果 - 限聚指數

Survey Result – Group Gathering Prohibition Index

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限聚指數 Group Gathering Prohibition Index



限聚指數 - 分析評論

Group Gathering Prohibition Index – Commentary

民生大聯盟發言人章彤輝博士指出，「持續兩天的偏低確診數字，令更多市民認為限聚令太緊，建議限聚人數回升到14.1。但我留意到這兩天的輸入個案其實是很多的（18日29例，19日11例），考慮過人群基數的差異，我可以斷定來港人士患病機率是極其高的，政府實在需要加強封堵病毒的輸入途徑，否則只會事倍功半。」

Dr Tung-fai Cheung, Spokesman of Alliance of Revitalizing Economy & Livelihood, observed, “Low infection numbers in the past two days made us feel rather relaxed, thus people wants to have larger group gatherings. However, we have seen a huge number of imported infections these two days (29 cases in 18 April, 11 cases in 19 April). After considering the difference in population base, I am surprised to see the extremely high risk of infection among the inbound sector. The government must block the inbound routes more effectively, otherwise all efforts would be in vain.”